Music Interfaces I

- 75 min
- 20-30 Students
- High school students

Summary of activity

 Students get into groups and discover a unique interface. They then report their findings and demonstrate them to the class

Pre-requisite knowledge requirements

- Math
- Science
- Music
- Other

Dependencies on other SMT activities

· None but having taken waves & sound is a plus.

Learning objectives

- After taking this less, students should understand that anything can be implemented as a musical interface. New unique interfaces can lead to a new and rather unique kind of music and performance.
- Science/Engineering: Discovering unknown items in a structured manner and conveying findings to others. How is design related to practicality. Learn of different interfacing control methods such as buttons (discrete control) vs sliders (continuous control).
- Relevant educational standards (download Mathematics PDF and Science and Technology PDF from here)
 - Math
 - Science

List of materials

- Each student (or group) needs
 - notebook/pen
 - interface (specifics below)
 - macbook(s)

Detailed description of the activity

- Intro: Music is increasingly played, manipulated, and created on computers. This
 activity will explore interesting ways to manipulate and create music though
 experimentation and discovery.
- Background: Many different interfaces have been used in the past to interact with music. They range from the basic 12 tone piano layout or a layout of guitar stings. More recently, work is being done to create interfaces that are more intuitive to the user, and do not need professional instruction to make music. A new interface can

be almost anything, as long as it has a way of allowing the human to interact with music. This can range from an X/Y track pad to even a Wiimote video game controller. Aspects of an interface:

- boundary between user and output
- Give data
- intuitive
- analog or digital
- New Vocabulary / Definitions:
 - Interface- an intuitive tool for human and device interaction
 - Amplitude- (as directly related to sound) volume of signal
 - Frequency-(as directly related to sound) speed and pitch
 - Degrees of Freedom- the number of independent ways of interaction
- Procedure
 - Before the activity: The stations must be set up and tested.
 - With the students: Students split into groups of 4 and explore their interfaces.
 There is a helper at each station to talk the group through snags(20 -25 mins).
 At the end the students will then present their findings to the class and demonstrate their interfaces. Describe degrees of freedom, ease of use and other applications.
 - Interface Specifics
 - Kaoss Pad 3: 2 usable knobs, 2-D touchpad
 - NANOKONTROL 2: knobs, sliders, and buttons
 - iPad / Touch OSC: accelerometer, slider, xy-plane
 - Wii in PureData. Amplitude/Frequency
 - STC1000: 2-D pressure sensitive touchpad
- Safety Issues? None
- Troubleshooting tips
 - Everything will be run through beforehand.
 - Each group helper will become familiar with their part, so they are able to fix problems.

Investigating question

 Name an interface you found interesting, and how its degrees of free correspond to it's function

Assessments

- Pre-activity assessment? Converse with class and see what interfaces they can come up with.
- Assessment embedded within the activity? They are presented with a unknown object and must discover and document what it does.
- Post-activity assessment? How well did the communicate their findings to the class?